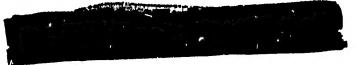
CIA/OER/S-07506-75 REQUESTED DATA FOR SIX RAW MATERIAL COMMO-DITIES APR 75 UNCL 01 OF 01 Approved For Release 2002/08/15 : CIA-RDP86T00608R000600030033-8



5-07506

CIA DETZ S-075.06-75

18 April 1975



Dr. Samuel Rosenblatt

Assistant Director

Council on International Economic Policy

SUBJECT

Requested Data for Six Raw Material

Commodities

1. Per your request of 17 April for selected data on bauxite/alumina, copper, tin, lead, zinc, and iron ore are the attached tables:

## A. World Production - 1972-74

Iron ore and bauxite production are ores and concentrates; the remaining four commodities are in terms of metal content.

#### B. United States

Production, Consumption, Exports and Imports -

#### C. Data for Price Charts

We will put in chart form next week.

2. We will provide data on sources of supply for US, EC and Japan early next week, as well as any available information on the other questions you raised.

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Office of Economic Research

Attachments:
As stated

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Iron Ore .
(Non-Bessemer Old Range)

ter en en en en en		\$/long ton
1960		11.70
1961		11.70
1962		11.10
1963		10.90
1964		10.80
1965		10.80
1966		10.80
1967		10.80
1968		10.80
1969		10.80
1970		. 11.05
1971		11.42
1972		11.42
1973	·	11.98
1974		14.15

# Tin Prices

	LME ¢/lb	us ¢/1b
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972	99.76 111.45 112.21 113.65 154.56 176.92 161.49 131.35 140.92 155.59 166.17 166.49 160.47 207.44 372.83	101.44 113.31 114.65 116.65 157.60 178.20 164.07 153.43 148.15 164.50 174.20 167.35 177.47 227.56 396.27

## Copper Prices

		LME	บร
		¢/1b	¢/1b
		4/ <u>1D</u>	
		30.79	32.05
1960			29.92
1961		28.81	
1962		29.29	30.60
1963		29.25	30.60
		43.95	31.96
1964		58.79	35.02
1965	٠.		36.17
1966	5	69.06	•
1967		44.84 .	38.23
1968	·	55.78	41.85
=	•	66.58	47.52
1969 .		63.84	57.66
1970			51.43
1971		51.46	
1972		45.58	50.62
		76.59	58.85
1973		02 42	76.65
1974		93.42	

## Zinc Prices

			•
		LME ¢/lb	US ¢/lb
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972		11.18 9.75 8.45 9.59 14.75 14.20 12.93 10.80 11.85 12.99 13.39 14.72 16.09 36.40 56.29	12.95 11.54 11.62 12.00 13.57 14.50 14.50 13.84 13.50 14.60 15.32 16.13 17.75 20.66 35.94

#### Lead Prices

California (California California	LME ¢/lb	US ¢/lb
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970	9.03 8.06 7.05 7.93 12.63 14.41 11.86 9.01 10.85 13.16 13.74 12.03	11.95 10.87 9.63 11.14 13.60 16.00 15.12 14.00 13.21 14.90 15.62 13.82 15.63 16.28
1973 1974	18.40 26.81	22.53

World Iron Ore Production
1972-73

		(thousands of metric tons)	
		<u>1972</u> <u>1973</u>	
	USSR	207,612 216,012	
	US	76,648 88,611	
	Australia	62,103 75,004	
	France	54,859 60,629	
•	PRC	45,002 45,002	
	Canada	39,650 43,978	
	Brazil	30,518 42,528	
	India	35,198 33,897	
	Sweden	33,126 34,449	
	Liberia	21,001 21,502	
	Others	145,951 145,498	
	TOTAL	751,668 807,110	

## Bauxite Production

		(million metric tons)
Principal Producers	1972	<u>1973</u>
Australia	14.3	17.6
Jamaica	13.0	13.5
Surinam	6.8	6.7
USSR	5.8	5.8
Guyana	3.7	3.7
France	. 3.3	3.3
Guinea	2.6	3.7
Greece	2.4	2.7
Others	15.8	<u>16.1</u>
TOTAL	67.7	73.1

Zinc Mine Production
1972-74

•••	1972	<u>1973</u>	Preliminary <u>1974</u>
Canada	1,279	1,351	1,198
USSR	620	640	660
Australia	507	478	428
US	477 <sup>.</sup>	477	496
Peru	320	414	350
Japan	. 281	264	241
Mexico	272	271	254
Poland	222	210	216
Germany, F.R.	152	.152	154
North Korea	150 '	160	162
Others	1,371	1,418	1,483
TOTAL	5,651	5,835	5,642

Lead Mine Production
1972-74

		(thousar	nd metric tons)
	<u>1972</u>	<u>1973</u>	Preliminary 1974
us .	585	570	631
USSR	495	500	504
Australia	396	404	354
Canada	376	388	296
Peru	189	. 199	204
Mexico	161	179	180
Yugoslavia	120	124	132
China, P.R.	125	130	132
Bulgaria	102	105	108
Others	969	965	974
TOTAL	3,518	3,564	3,515

Copper Mine Production

1972-74

		(thousand m	etric tons)
	1972	<u>1973</u>	1974
US	1,510	1,559	1,565
USSR	1,050	1,100	1,130
Canada	720	815	826
Chile	717	735	900 '
Zambia	718	707	698
Zaire	437	490	504
Peru	217	220	190
Philippines	214	221	232
Papua/New Guinea	124	183	183
Australia	187	219	248
Others	1,146	1,265	1,186
TOTAL	7,040	7,514	7,662

Tin Mine Production
1972-74

	•	(thousand metric tons		
•••	1972	1973	Estimated 1974	
Malaysia	76.8	72.3	68.1	
Bolivia	32.4	28.6	29.4	
China, R.P.	23.0	22.8	23.0	
Thailand	22.1	20.9	20.0	
Indonesia	21.8	22.5	24.6	
Others ·	56.4	54.0	52.0	
TOTAL	232.5	221.1	217.1	

23 April 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR: Dr. Sameul Rosenblatt

Assistant Director

Council on International Economic Policy

SUBJECT : Requested Data for Seven Raw Material

Commodities

- 1. Attached are the remainder of the tables you. requested last week. Please note that the table on US production, consumption, exports, and imports of seven commodities has been revised to agree with the other tables on the U.S.
- 2. I am also attaching a brief description of the LME market and the US producers price for copper. The description applies equally to lead and zinc.
- 3. If you have any questions you can reach me on 143-5868.

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Attachments:
As stated

EC - Imports of Tin Metal - 1973

From	<u>1973</u>
Malaysia	14,815
Thailand	7,154
Indonesia	6,463
U.K.	5,881
Communist China	4,279
Nigeria .	3,640
Netherlands	1,769
Zaire	1,021
Other	4,560
Total	49,582
10002	
EC Mine Production	3,884
EC Tin Metal Production	25,111
10 1 10 0 mm	

EC - Imports of Lead - 1972

1972
192,682
64,115
55,560
52,583
41,058
31,601
31,136
25,436
24,820
94,073
613,064

#### EC Lead .Production

Mine Production	166,500
Refined Production	926,900

EC - Imports of Zinc - 1972

Source	1972
Belgium-Luxembourg	123,206
Canada	77,476
Australia	47,992
Netherlands	45,395
Finland	40,656
Germany, F.R.	36,601
Norway	32,413
North Korea	29,561
Bulgaria	23,512
Zaire	23,224
Others	83,798
Total Imports in 1972	563,834
EC Zinc Production	

CIA/OER 23 April 1975

Mine Production

Slab Production

362,600

1,152,400

EC - Imports of Copper - 1972

	(Metric tons)	
Source	1972	
Zaire	361,365	•
Zambia	338,470	•
Chile	318,854	
Belgium-Luxembourg	213,164	
Others	937,801	
Total Imports in 1972	2,169,654	
EC Copper I	Production	
Mine Production	.16,400	•
Refined Production	913,700	

EC - Imports of Iron Ore - 1972

	(thousand metric tons)
Source	1972
Sweden	22,838
France	18,425
Brazil	18,027
Liberia	16,109
Others	41,174
Total Imports in 1972	116,633

EC Production of Iron Ore in 1972 75,107,000

EC - Imports of Bauxite - 1973

From	1973
Australia	2,078,353
Yugoslavia	567,413
Guinea	170,381
Sierra Leone	342,464
Communist China	50,913
Greece	227,928
Ghana	276,683
Surinam	35,707
v.s.	2,646
France	31,549
French Guiana	2,305
West Germany	2,952
Guyana	64,085
Netherlands .	14,869
•	337
UK .	2,618
Spain	99,398
Hungary	36,124
Other	4,006,725
Total	4,000,725

EC Production of Bauxite

3,350,600

#### US Imports and Domestic Production of Lead

	(metric tons)
Source	1974
Peru	60,045
Canada	50,967
Mexico	35,557
Australia	20,547
Honduras	16,802
Others	9,856
TOTAL Imports	193,774
US Production	in 1974
Ores & Concentrates (contained metal)	. 605,500
Primary Refined Secondary Refined	605,545 128,900

#### US Imports and Domestic Production of Tin

	(metric tons)	
Source	<u>1974</u>	
Malaysia	21,002	
Bolivia	7,124	
Thailand	5,859	
Indonesia	4,187	
PRC	3,336	
UK	1,864	
Brazil	1,256	
Other	1,583	
TOTAL	46,211	
US Production in	1974	
Refined Tin (Primary and secondary)	7,900	

# US Imports and Production of Bauxite

	(metric tons)
Source	<u>1974</u>
Jamaica	7,891,032
Surinam	2,856,257
Dominican Republic	1,303,656
Guinea	1,277,238
Guyana	F15,757
Haiti	595,435
TOTAL	14,539,375
US Production	2,006,000
US Imports of Alumina	
•	(metric tons)
Source	1974
Australia	1,997,654
Jamaica	818,294
Surinam	430,013
Canada	17,237
France	9,072
Guyana	8,165
Others	9,979
TOTAL	3,290,414



# US Imports and Production of Iron Ore in 1974

· ·	(metric tons)
Source	<u>1974</u>
Canada	20,019,402
Venezuela	15,625,435
Brazil	6,677,852
Liberia	2,774,039
Peru	1,838,859
Others	1,866,790
TOTAL	48,802,377
	•
•	•
us Production	86,039,284

US Imports and Domestic Production of Copper in 1974

	(metric tons)		
Source	1974		
Canada	128,500	•	
Peru	100,000	1 <del></del>	
Chile	121,100		
South Africa	33,750		
Others	151,900		
TOTAL Imports	535,250		
US Production in 1974	·		
Ores & Concentrates (contained metal)	1,442,400		
Primary blister Secondary blister	1,426,940 73,480	•	
Primary Refined Secondary Refined	1,560,000 363,000		

US Imports and Domestic Productio - Zinc in 1974

	(metric tons)
	1974
Source	1974
Canada	381,800
Japan	50,400
Mexico	42,300
Australia	33,540
Belgium	31,840
Zaire	18,450
Others	161,670
TOTAL Imports	720,000

## US Production in 1974

Ores & Concentrates (contained metal)	448,725	
Slab Zinc Reprocessed GSA Metal	496,060 40,825	
Total Smelter Otuput	536,885	

United States - 1974

(metric tons)

	Production	Consumption	Exports	Imports
Alumina	_	-	669,514	3,290,414
Bauxite	2,006,000	17,578,530	14,225	14,539,375
Copper	1,442,400	1,945,417	114,783	535,250
Tin	Neg.	68,323	8,551	46,211
Lead	605,500	1,281,996	110,088	193,774
Zinc	448,725	1,224,720	18,144	720,000
Iron Ore	86,039,284	131,155,657	2,361,416	48,802,377

#### World Copper Prices

Copper prices set by producers and markets around the world rarely differ by more than a few cents a pound and tend to move together with only short lags. The most important price setting market is the London Metal Exchange (LME). Although the quantities of metal actually sold on the exchange account for only a small part of total world sales, the importance of the market is greatly enhanced by the fact that the LME price is widely used by many copper exporting countries in international trade. At least half of Free World primary copper is sold at LME prices including most of CIPEC produced copper.

The widespread use of LWE prices is based in part on the market's role as both a physical market and a hedging market. On the physical market, copper is bought and sold at spot prices and moved physically through LWE warehouses in London and on the Continent. On the hedging market, 30 day, 60 day, and 90 day futures are bought and sold. The futures market enables the producer to sell his output at the time of shipment or even before, thus protecting himself from possible market reverses and financial loss during the period that shipments are in transit. It serves the consumer by enabling him to secure his future needs at a definite price. The published futures prices are widely used by producers and consumers not

dealing on the LME and this activity accounts for much of the copper bought and sold at LME determined prices.

The US producer price is also a price of considerable importance because it is used for most primary copper refined in the United States. As the name suggests, the price is set by major US copper producers and is not subject to the day to day fluctuations that occur on the LME. Although the US producer price and the LME price differ in the short run due to the volatility of LME prices and to the slowness of the fixed US producer price to reflect changing supply-demand conditions — in fact the two prices rarely if ever coincide — the US producer price follows the LME price in the longer run, and the spread rarely exceeds 10 cents a pound for longer than several months.